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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/662,319	09/16/2003	Alexander Vincent Danilo	00169.002728. 9258	
	7590 07/21/201 CELLA HARPER &	EXAMINER		
1290 Avenue of		DHINGRA, PAWANDEEP		
NEW YORK, NY 10104-3800			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2625	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/21/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application	No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/662,319		DANILO, ALEXANDER VINCENT				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		PAWANDE	EP S. DHINGRA	2625				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)[\]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>5/4</u>	1/2010						
•	-	<u>#2070</u> . nis action is noi	n-final					
3)	, <del></del>							
<i>ا</i> ل	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disnosit	ion of Claims	. Expano qua	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
· ·								
4)[2]	4) Claim(s) 17 and 19-22 is/are pending in the application.							
<b>5</b> \_	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdo	rawn irom cons	sideration.					
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) 17, 19-22 is/are rejected.							
7)∐	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	l/ou olootion uoo	ina ma a mt					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	i/or election rec	juirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) _ ad	ccepted or b)□	objected to by the E	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	ne drawing(s) be	held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is required	l if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note	e the attached Office	Action or form P	ΓΟ-152.			
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
•	12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)	a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmer	• •							
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	2	l) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5	5) Notice of Informal P					
	er No(s)/Mail Date	6	s)					

This action is responsive to the following communication: Amendment after non-

final action filed on 5/4/2010.

• Claims 17 and 19-22 are pending.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's amendments, filed 5/4/2010 have been entered and fully considered.

However, Applicant's arguments filed 5/4/2010 have been fully considered but they are

not persuasive.

Applicant argues that none of the cited references show the newly amended

features and producing a list of non-intersecting edges from list of input edges on a per

scan line basis.

In reply, examiner asserts that combination of Moore and Koyanagi has been

shown to sufficiently teach those argued limitation, please see rejection(s) below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

Previous 101 rejections have been withdrawn in view of amendments made to

the claims by the applicant.

**Examiner Notes** 

Examiner cites particular columns and line numbers in the references as applied

to the claims below for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations

are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations

within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is

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respectfully requested that, in preparing responses, the applicant fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the examiner.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 17 and 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Moore, US 2002/0015039 in view of Koyanagi, JP 2000-013601.

Re claim 17, Moore discloses a <u>computer-implemented</u> method of rendering an image (see title), comprising a plurality of overlapping graphic objects (see figure 8, it has two overlapping objects blue and red, paragraphs 62-63), <u>the computer comprising a processor configured to implement the method and a computer readable storage medium to store the plurality of overlapping graphic objects (see figs. 1-2 with text), said method comprising the steps of: generating a list of input edges in accordance with a plurality of boundaries of the plurality of overlapping graphic objects, wherein some of the input edges are overlapping (see fig. 11, paragraphs 62-64) (also see paragraphs 67-79); producing a list of non-intersecting edges from the list of input edges (see figs. 8-13 with text, note that there are two objects, red 90, and blue 80 (fig. 8) which overlap</u>

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and thus three non-intersecting edges for areas 92, 84; 82, 96, 94; and 98, 86 (fig. 8) form the input overlapping edges are produced); rendering the image based on the produced list of non-intersecting edges (see figs. 2, 8-10 with text); wherein the <u>list of non-intersecting edges defines</u> a plurality of boundaries of a plurality of non-overlapping graphic objects that are visually equivalent to the plurality of overlapping graphic objects and a color for each of the plurality of non-overlapping graphic objects (see figs. 6, 8-9 with text) (also see figs. 10-13 with text).

Moore fails to explicitly disclose producing a list of edges from the list of input edges on a per-scan-line basis; at least one non-intersecting edge replaces a plurality of overlapping input edges, the non-intersecting edge being shared by more than one of the non-overlapping graphic objects.

However, Koyanagi teaches producing a list of edges from the list of input edges on a per-scan-line basis (see abstract, paragraphs 33-34, 43) (also see figs. 4, 9, 11-12, 16-17 with text); rendering the image based on the produced list of edges, wherein non-intersecting edges form a plurality of boundaries of a plurality of non-overlapping graphic objects that are visually equivalent to plurality of overlapping graphic objects (see figs. 4, 9, 11-12, 16-17 with text); at least one non-intersecting edge replaces a plurality of overlapping input edges, non-intersecting edge being shared by more than one of the non-overlapping graphic objects (see figs. 4, 9, 11-12, 16-17 with text).

Therefore, it would have been advantageous to modify the method of rendering graphic objects as disclosed by Moore to include the overlapping graphic processing and edge generating techniques as taught by Koyanagi for the benefit of increasing

printing speed and reducing memory consumption as taught by Koyanagi in paragraph 101. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention to combine the system of Moore with the system of Koyanagi to reach the aforementioned advantage.

Re Claim 19, Moore discloses an apparatus for rendering an image (rendering apparatus, fig. 3, paragraph 23) comprising a plurality of overlapping graphic objects (see figure 8, it has two overlapping objects blue and red, paragraphs 62-63), said apparatus comprising: generating means (display list generation 12, fig. 2, "the display list generation 12 is preferably implemented as a software module executing on the host processor 2", paragraph 66) for generating a list of input edges in accordance with a plurality of boundaries of the plurality of overlapping graphic objects, wherein some of the input edges are overlapping (see fig. 11, paragraphs 62-64) (also see paragraphs 67-79); producing a list of non-intersecting edges from the list of input edges (see figs. 8-13 with text, note that there are two objects, red 90, and blue 80 (fig. 8) which overlap and thus three non-intersecting edges for areas 92, 84; 82, 96, 94; and 98, 86 (fig. 8) form the input overlapping edges are produced); rendering means for rendering the image based on the produced list of non-intersecting edges (see figs. 2, 8-10 with text); wherein the <u>list of</u> non-intersecting edges defines a plurality of boundaries of a plurality of non-overlapping graphic objects that are visually equivalent to the plurality of overlapping graphic objects and a color for each of the plurality of non-overlapping graphic objects (see figs. 6, 8-9 with text) (also see figs. 10-13 with text).

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Koyanagi teaches producing means for producing a list of edges from the list of input edges on a per-scan-line basis (see abstract, paragraphs 33-34, 43) (also see figs. 4, 9, 11-12, 16-17 with text); and rendering means for rendering the image based on the produced list of edges, wherein non-intersecting edges form a plurality of boundaries of a plurality of non-overlapping graphic objects that are visually equivalent to plurality of overlapping graphic objects (see figs. 4, 9, 11-12, 16-17 with text); at least one non-intersecting edge replaces a plurality of overlapping input edges, non-intersecting edge being shared by more than one of the non-overlapping graphic objects (see figs. 4, 9, 11-12, 16-17 with text).

Re Claim 20, claim 20 recites identical features, as claim 17, except claim 20 merely deals with executing the method of claim 17 on a computer. Thus, arguments made for claim 17 are applicable for claim 20.

 Claims 21-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Moore, US 2002/0015039 in view of Koyanagi, JP 2000-013601 further in view of Hiroshi Okubo, JP 11-073516.

Re claim 21, Moore further teaches maintaining a list of active edges comprising a plurality of input edges that intersect a current scan-line (see figs. 10-11, paragraphs 118-119, 125-128) (also see figs. 12-13 with text).

Okubo teaches deriving from active edges (original graphic edge) a list of corresponding output edges (new graphic edge) to include the non-intersecting edges (see figs. 2-3, paragraphs 49-56).

Therefore, it would have been advantageous to modify the method of rendering graphic objects as disclosed by Moore to include the overlapping graphic processing and edge generating techniques as taught by Koyanagi and overlapping graphic processing techniques as taught by Okubo for the benefit of increasing printing speed and reducing memory consumption as taught by Koyanagi in paragraph 101 and for increasing processing speed and reducing memory consumption as taught by Okubo in abstract. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention to combine the system of Moore with the system of Koyanagi and Okubo to reach the aforementioned advantage.

Re claim 22, Moore further teaches creating a new output edge when an active edge does not have a corresponding output edge; and terminating the output edge when the output edge does not have a corresponding active edge (see paragraphs 62, 118-119, 125-128) (also see figs. 12-13 with text).

## Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

## **Contact Information**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to PAWANDEEP S. DHINGRA whose telephone number is (571)270-1231. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9:30-7:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David K. Moore can be reached on (571) 272-7437. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

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USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/P. D./ Examiner, Art Unit 2625

/David K Moore/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2625